

SAFETY DATA SHEET Prefere 5353

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Prefere 5353

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Catalyst. Wood adhesive.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier TS Resins

Alyn Works, Denbigh Road,

Mold, CH7 1BF 01352 757 657 01352 758 914 tech@synthite.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 1352 750 416

Hours of operation Monday 06:00 to Friday 22:00

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Prefere 5353

Precautionary statements P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

phosphoric acid, orthophosphoric acid 10-30%

CAS number: 7664-38-2 EC number: 231-633-2 REACH registration number: 01-

2119485924-24-XXXX

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Met. Corr. 1 - H290 C; R34

Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Move affected person to fresh air at once. If liquid has entered the eyes, proceed as follows.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated by a

physician.

Inhalation Get medical attention immediately. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may

assist affected person by administering oxygen.

Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to

drink. Do not induce vomiting. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.

Skin contact Get medical attention immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove

contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical

burns must be treated by a physician.

Eye contact Get medical attention immediately. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any

contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.

Protection of first aiders No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. First aid

personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or

wear gloves.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Prefere 5353

Inhalation Irritating to respiratory system. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:

May cause respiratory irritation. Coughing.

Ingestion May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following

overexposure may include the following: Stomach pain.

Skin contact Corrosive to skin and eyes. Causes burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the

following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.

Eye contact Corrosive. Causes burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain.

Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. Get medical attention if a large quantity has been ingested.

Specific treatments No special treatment required.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. Use fire-extinguishing

media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO). Oxides of nitrogen.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Evacuate area. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal

risk.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets,

protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Evacuate

area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Provide adequate ventilation. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or

apron, as appropriate.

For emergency responders Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. For personal

protection, see Section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Inform the relevant

authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Prefere 5353

Methods for cleaning up

Small Spillages: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from spillage area. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Large Spillages: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from spillage area. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Neutralise spilled material with crushed limestone, slaked lime (calcium hydroxide), soda ash (sodium carbonate) or sodium bicarbonate. Absorb spillage with sand or other inert absorbent. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions For personal protection, see Section 8. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid

breathing vapour/spray. Provide adequate ventilation. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid contact with alkalis. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially

hazardous. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. For personal

protection, see Section 8.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Avoid contact with alkalis. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Use appropriate

containment to avoid environmental contamination. Store away from incompatible materials

(see Section 10). Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

phosphoric acid, orthophosphoric acid

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment









Eye/face protection Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield.

Hand protectionTo protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.

Other skin and body protection

Wear protective clothing. Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Prefere 5353

Hygiene measures Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Provide

eyewash station and safety shower.

Respiratory protection If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Respirator selection

must be based on exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of

the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they

comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Colourless.

Odour Acidic. Slight.

pH (concentrated solution): 1.2

Initial boiling point and range 100 to 110°C/212 to 230°F

Flash point > 100°C CC (Closed cup).

Relative density 1.066 to 1.070 @ 25°C

Solubility(ies) Soluble in water.

Viscosity <5 mPa s @ 25°C

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

ReactivityNo test data specifically related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous reactions will occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid No data available.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid In contact with some metals can generate hydrogen gas, which can form explosive mixtures

with air. Avoid contact with alkalis.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous reactions will occur. No known

products hazardous decomposition products.

Prefere 5353

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information on ingredients.

phosphoric acid, orthophosphoric acid

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

1.25

mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 1.25

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal methodsThe generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Dispose of waste

to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste

disposal legislation and any local authority requirements.

Waste class Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended by Decision 2001/118/EC establishing a list

of wastes and hazardous waste pursuant to Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste and

Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste with amendments.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1805

UN No. (IMDG) 1805

UN No. (ICAO) 1805

UN No. (ADN) 1805

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION

Proper shipping name

(IMDG)

PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION

Proper shipping name (ICAO) PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION

Prefere 5353

Proper shipping name (ADN) PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 8

ADR/RID classification code C1

ADR/RID label 8

IMDG class 8

ICAO class/division 8

ADN class 8

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group III

IMDG packing group III

ADN packing group III

ICAO packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-A, S-B

ADR transport category 3

Emergency Action Code 2R

Hazard Identification Number 80

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Prefere 5353

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date 12/04/2015

Revision 02

SDS number 4573

Hazard statements in full H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.